

## Svar till tentor i inledande matematisk analys F1, tma970, ht 05

### 03-01-14

1.(a),(b) konvergent; (c),(d) divergent; (e),(f),(h) falskt; (g) sant

2.(a) 1, (b)  $e^6$  3. lok. max: 0, lok. min:  $\frac{21}{5}$ , inflex.pkt:  $-\frac{1}{5}, 0$ , grafen:

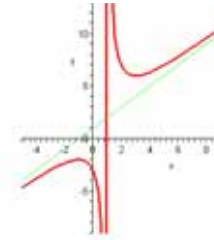


4.(a)  $\frac{2}{1+\tan\frac{x}{2}} + x + c$  (b)  $\frac{24\pi}{5}$

### 03-08-18

1.(a),(b),(e),(f),(h) konvergent; (c),(d),(g) divergent 2.(a) 3, (b)  $\frac{3}{4}$

3. asymptoter:  $x=1, y=x+1$ , lok. max:  $-1$ , lok. min: 3, grafen:



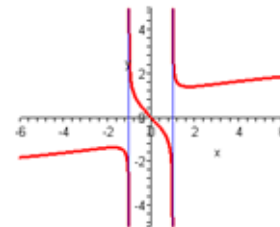
4.(a)  $\ln(\sin^2 x + \sin x + 1) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}(\sin x + \frac{1}{2})\right)$  (b)  $\pi$

5.  $\ln(2 + \sqrt{3})$

### 03-10-22

1.(a),(d) konvergent; (b),(c) divergent; (f),(h) deriverbar; (e),(g) ej deriverbar 2.(a)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (b)  $-1$  3. asymptoter:  $x = \pm 1$ ,

lok. max:  $-\sqrt{3}$ , lok. min:  $\sqrt{3}$ , infl. pkt.  $-3, 0, 3$ , grafen:

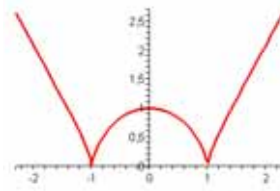


4.(a)  $6(\sqrt[6]{x} - \arctan \sqrt[6]{x}) + c$  (b)  $\frac{\pi^2 - 8}{32}$

### 04-01-13

1.(c),(d) konvergent; (a),(b) divergent; (e),(g) finns; (f),(h) finns ej

2.(a) ex. ej (b) 0 3. lok.min:  $\pm 1$ , infl.pkt:  $\pm \sqrt{3}$ , grafen:



4.(a)  $(x + \frac{1}{2})\ln(x^2 + x + 1) - 2x + \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + c$

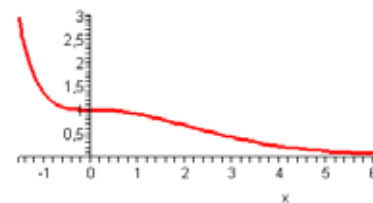
(b)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(\arctan \frac{4}{\sqrt{5}} - \arctan \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}})$  5.  $\frac{16}{27}(10\sqrt{10} - 1)$

### 04-08-16

1.(b),(d),(e),(f),(h) konvergent; (a),(c),(g) divergent

2.(a) 1 (b) 1

3. asymptot:  $y=0$  i  $\infty$ , infl.pkt: 0 och 2, grafen:



4.(a)  $(\arctan \sqrt{x})^2$  (b)  $\frac{\pi-2}{8}$