Department of Mathematical Sciences, Chalmers& University of Gothenburg

MMA421, TMA014 Ordinary differential equations and dynamical systems

2011-08-27 kl. 8.30-13.30

You may not bring any notes, books or any other aids, not even a calculator! To pass the exam (*i.e.* to obtain the grade "G" for (MMA421, GU), or grade "3" (TMA014, Chalmers)), you need 15 points. The final grade on the course depends also on the computer assignments.

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1. Prove that if $f:\mathbb{R}^n\to\mathbb{R}^n$ is Lipschitz continuous, the the initial value problem

$$\dot{x} = f(x)$$

$$x(0) = x_0$$
(1)

has a unique solution for t belonging to a sufficiently small interval around 0.

(5p)

- 2. State and prove the Gronwall inequality (there are several versions, choose one).
- 3. Show that $L(x, y, z) = x^2 \cos y + z^4$ is a Lyapunov function at the equilibrium point (0, 0, 0) of the system

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x} &= -2z^3 - z\sin y\\ \dot{y} &= 2xz - \sin y\\ \dot{z} &= x - \sin^3. \end{aligned}$$

What conclusion can you draw about the equilibrium point? Why couldn't linearization give the same information? (5p)

- 4. Compute the matrix exponential of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. (5p)
- 5. Find the flow of the system

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \dot{x} & = & 1/\sqrt{y} \\ \dot{y} & = & -1/\sqrt{x} \end{array}$$

Be careful to state the domain of definition. It is possible to give the solution completely explicitly, but I give full marks for an implicitly given solution (*i.e.* an equation involving x, y and t but not \dot{x} or \dot{y} .)

(5p)

(5p)

6. Give an example of a vector field (the right hand side of a system of odes) whos phase portrait is similar to figure 1. Prove that your example has has the right properties.



Figur 1: Phase portrait for problem 6

(5p)