Computer project 2

To study the performance of MCMC we propose the following toy example.

1. Let (X_1, X_2) have bivariate normal distribution with mean 0 and covariance matrix

 $\left(\begin{array}{cc} 1 & \rho \\ \rho & 1 \end{array}\right).$

Simulate (X_1, X_2) for some values of ρ of your own choice, using the Gibbs sampler described on page 31-32 in the lecture notes from Mats Viberg's lecture (available on the homepage).

When do you think that the chain has converged, i.e. when should you start to sample?

- 2. Use your sample to calculate the means, the variances and the correlation. You can also check that the marginal distributions are normal by using a probability plot or a quantile plot.
- 3. Use your sample to investigate the distribution of the sum $Y_1 = X_1 + X_2$ and the difference $Y_2 = X_1 X_2$ of the components X_1 and X_2 . Estimate the variances of Y_1 and Y_2 and the correlation of Y_1 and Y_2 .
- 4. Theoretical question. Suppose that the Markov chain in the Metropolis-Hastings algorithm on page 22 (Mats' lecture notes) is irreducible and non-null persistent. Show that the detailed balance equations (6.5.3) in Grimmett & Stirzaker are satisfied. Hence by Theorem 6.5.4, π is a stationary distribution for the chain. And Theorem 6.4.3. tells us that it is unique.