

Analytic Number Theory

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Solutions to Problem Sheet 3

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Problem 1. Prove Corollary II.6.2 by partial summation.

Solution. Write

$$A(q) = \frac{q}{\varphi(q)} \sum_{\substack{\chi \pmod{q} \\ \chi \text{ prim}}} \left| \sum_{n=M+1}^{M+N} a_n \chi(n) \right|^2,$$

then the left hand side is

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{R < q \leq Q} \frac{A(q)}{q} &= \sum_{1 \leq q \leq Q} \frac{A(q)}{q} - \sum_{1 \leq q \leq R} \frac{1}{q} A(q) \\ &= \frac{1}{Q} \sum_{1 \leq q \leq Q} A(q) - \frac{1}{R} \sum_{1 \leq q \leq R} A(q) + \int_R^Q \frac{1}{T^2} \sum_{1 \leq q \leq T} A(q) dT. \end{aligned}$$

Set

$$S(N) = \sum_{n=M+1}^{M+N} |a_n|^2.$$

Inserting the bound $\sum_{1 \leq q \leq Q} A(q) \ll (N + Q^2)S(N)$ from Theorem II.6.1 yields

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{R < q \leq Q} \frac{1}{q} A(q) &\ll \frac{1}{Q} (N + Q^2)S(N) + \frac{1}{R} (N + R^2)S(N) + \int_R^Q \frac{1}{T^2} (N + T^2)S(N) dT \\ &\ll \left(\frac{N}{Q} + Q + \frac{N}{R} + R \right) S(N) \ll \left(Q + \frac{N}{R} \right) S(N), \end{aligned}$$

since $Q > R$.

Problem 2. Modify the proof of the Barban–Davenport–Halberstam Theorem to show the Theorem of Bombieri–Friedlander–Iwaniec.

Solution. By the character relations of Lemma II.1.1 we have

$$\sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ n \equiv a \pmod{q} \\ (n, l) = 1}} f(n) - \frac{\chi_0(n)}{\varphi(q)} \sum_{n \leq x} f(n) = \frac{1}{\varphi(q)} \sum_{\substack{\chi \pmod{q} \\ \chi \neq \chi_0}} \bar{\chi}(a) \sum_{n \leq x} f(n) \chi(n),$$

and thus, by the same argument leading to (II.6.1),

$$\sum_{\substack{a=1 \\ (a,q)=1}}^q \left| \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ n \equiv a \pmod{q}}} f(n) - \frac{1}{\varphi(q)} \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,q)=1}} f(n) \right|^2 = \frac{1}{\varphi(q)} \sum_{\substack{\chi \pmod{q} \\ \chi \neq \chi_0}} \left| \sum_{n \leq x} f(n) \chi(n) \right|^2.$$

As in the proof of the Barban–Davenport–Halberstam theorem, we have to get rid of non-primitive characters. If χ is induced by a character $\chi' \pmod{q'}$ with $q = q'l$, we have

$$\sum_{n \leq x} f(n) \chi(n) = \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n) \chi'(n),$$

so if we denote the left hand side of the Bombieri–Friedlander–Iwaniec theorem by S , we have

$$S \leq \sum_{\substack{q' \geq 2, l \geq 1 \\ q'l \leq Q}} \frac{1}{\varphi(q')\varphi(l)} \sum_{\substack{\chi' \pmod{q'} \\ \chi' \text{ prim}}} \left| \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n) \chi'(n) \right|^2.$$

As in the proof of B–D–H we first investigate the contribution of $q > R$ for some suitable R . From Corollary II.6.2 we have

$$\sum_{R < q' \leq Q/l} \frac{1}{\varphi(q')} \sum_{\substack{\chi' \pmod{q'} \\ \chi' \text{ prim}}} \left| \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n) \chi'(n) \right|^2 \ll \left(\frac{x}{R} + \frac{Q}{l} \right) \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,l)=1}} |f(n)|^2.$$

Note that the right hand side only increases if we abandon the condition $(n, l) = 1$ in the innermost sum. After summing over l we see

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{l \leq Q} \sum_{R < q' \leq Q/l} \frac{1}{\varphi(q')\varphi(l)} \sum_{\substack{\chi' \pmod{q'} \\ \chi' \text{ prim}}} \left| \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n) \chi'(n) \right|^2 &\ll \sum_{l \leq Q} \left(\frac{x}{R\varphi(l)} + \frac{Q}{l\varphi(l)} \right) \sum_{n \leq x} |f(n)|^2 \\ &\ll \left(\frac{x \log Q}{R} + Q \right) \sum_{n \leq x} |f(n)|^2, \end{aligned}$$

where we used relation II.6.2.

For the terms with $q' \leq R$ we sort into residue classes modulo q' and finde

$$\sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n) \chi'(n) = \sum_{\substack{b=1 \\ (b,q')=1}}^{q'} \chi'(b) \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ n \equiv b \pmod{q'} \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n).$$

Instead of using the Siegel–Walfisz theorem, we now use the condition of B–F–I. This shows that the inner sum is

$$\sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ n \equiv a \pmod{q} \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n) = \frac{1}{\varphi(q)} \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,ql)=1}} f(n) + O\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{(\log x)^A} \left(\sum_{n \leq x} |f(n)|^2\right)^{1/2}\right),$$

and therefore

$$\sum_{\substack{b=1 \\ (b,q')=1}}^{q'} \chi'(b) \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ n \equiv b \pmod{q'} \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n) = \frac{1}{\varphi(q)} \sum_{\substack{b=1 \\ (b,q')=1}}^{q'} \chi'(b) \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,ql)=1}} f(n) + O\left(\frac{q' \sqrt{x}}{(\log x)^A} \left(\sum_{n \leq x} |f(n)|^2\right)^{1/2}\right).$$

The first term of the right hand side vanishes by the character relations of Lemma II.1.1, and we find

$$\sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ n \equiv a \pmod{q} \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n) \ll \frac{q' \sqrt{x}}{(\log x)^A} \left(\sum_{n \leq x} |f(n)|^2\right)^{1/2}.$$

It follows that

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{l \leq Q} \sum_{q' \leq R} \frac{1}{\varphi(q') \varphi(l)} \sum_{\substack{\chi' \pmod{q'} \\ \chi' \text{ prim}}} \left| \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n) \chi'(n) \right|^2 &\ll \sum_{l \leq Q} \sum_{q' \leq R} \frac{1}{\varphi(l)} \frac{q'^2 x}{(\log x)^{2A}} \left(\sum_{n \leq x} |f(n)|^2\right) \\ &\ll \frac{R^3 x \log Q}{(\log x)^{2A}} \left(\sum_{n \leq x} |f(n)|^2\right). \end{aligned}$$

Altogether we have

$$\sum_{l \leq Q} \sum_{1 \leq q' \leq Q/l} \frac{1}{\varphi(q') \varphi(l)} \sum_{\substack{\chi' \pmod{q'} \\ \chi' \text{ prim}}} \left| \sum_{\substack{n \leq x \\ (n,l)=1}} f(n) \chi'(n) \right|^2 \ll \left(\frac{x \log Q}{R} + Q + \frac{R^3 x \log Q}{(\log x)^{2A}}\right) \sum_{n \leq x} |f(n)|^2,$$

and the first and last terms on the right hand side coincide when $R = (\log x)^A$.