

Mathematics  
Chalmers University of Technology  
Göteborg University

## Partial Differential Equations, Assignment 1B

Consider the two point boundary value problem

$$\begin{aligned} -(au')' + bu' + cu &= f, \quad \text{on } (0, 1) \\ u(1) &= 0, \quad au'(0) = k(u(0) - g). \end{aligned}$$

where  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ ,  $f$ ,  $k$  and  $g$  are given functions.

- a. Write a finite element code for this problem in e.g. Matlab. It suffices to consider the case  $a = 1$ ,  $b = 0$ ,  $c = 1$ ,  $k = 0$ ,  $g = 0$  and  $f = 1$ .
- b. Extend your code to incorporate the term  $bu'$  with  $b$  a constant.
- c. Modify the code to include the Robin boundary condition  $au'(0) = k(u - g)$  for arbitrary values of  $k$  and  $g$ .

### A template code in Matlab.

```
function template( )
%
% This FEM routine solves the equation
%
%       $-u''(x) = 1.0, \text{ in } 0 < x < 1,$ 
%       $u(0) = u(1) = 0.$ 
%
%-----%

clear all % Remove all variables from Matlab's workspace.

x = 0:0.05:1; % Generate node coordinates.

[S, R, b] = assemble(x); % Assemble the matrices and vectors.

A = S + R;

U = A\b; % Solve the linear system of equations.

plot(x,U) % Plot the FEM approximation U(x).

% Subroutines -----%

function [S, R, b] = assemble(x)

N = length(x); % Get the number of nodes.

% Init all matrices and vectors.

b = zeros(N,1); % Load vector
R = zeros(N,N); % Boundary matrix
S = zeros(N,N); % Stiffness matrix

for i = 1:(N-1) % Loop over the sub-intervals and assemble.

    h = x(i+1) - x(i); % Get the mesh size.

    S(i,i)      = S(i,i)      + 1/h;
    S(i,i+1)    = S(i,i+1)    - 1/h;
```

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    S(i+1,i)    = S(i+1,i)    - 1/h;
    S(i+1,i+1) = S(i+1,i+1) + 1/h;

    b(i)    = b(i)    + 0.5 * h;
    b(i+1) = b(i+1) + 0.5 * h;

end

% Set the boundary conditions, u(0) = u(1) = 0.

R(1,1) = 1e4; % A large number here forces u(0) to zero.
R(N,N) = 1e4; % A large number here forces u(1) to zero.

```