

Formelblad

Trigonometriska formler

$$\sin(x+y) = \sin x \cos y + \cos x \sin y \qquad \sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2}$$

$$\cos(x+y) = \cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y \qquad \cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2}$$

$$\tan(x+y) = \frac{\tan x + \tan y}{1 - \tan x \tan y}$$

Några integraler (integrationskonstanter är utelämnade)

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2+a} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \cdot \arctan \frac{x}{\sqrt{a}}, \quad a > 0. \qquad \int \frac{1}{x^2-a} dx = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{a}} \cdot \ln \left| \frac{x-\sqrt{a}}{x+\sqrt{a}} \right|, \quad a > 0.$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-x^2}} dx = \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{a}}, \quad a > 0. \qquad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+a}} dx = \ln \left| x + \sqrt{x^2+a} \right|, \quad a > 0.$$

$$\int \sqrt{x^2+a} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(x\sqrt{x^2+a} + a \ln \left| x + \sqrt{x^2+a} \right| \right)$$

Malaurinutvecklingar

$$e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \cdots + \frac{x^n}{n!} + \frac{x^{n+1}}{(n+1)!} e^{\theta x}$$

$$\ln(1+x) = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \cdots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^n}{n} + (-1)^n \frac{x^{n+1}}{(n+1)} \cdot \frac{1}{1+\theta x}$$

$$(1+x)^\alpha = 1 + \alpha x + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)}{2} x^2 + \cdots + \binom{\alpha}{n} x^n + \binom{\alpha}{n+1} x^{n+1} \cdot \frac{1}{(1+\theta x)^{n+1-\alpha}}$$

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \cdots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(2n-1)!} + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} \cos \theta x$$

$$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \cdots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} + (-1)^{n+1} \frac{x^{2n+2}}{(2n+2)!} \cos \theta x$$

$$\arctan x = x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \cdots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^{2n-1}}{2n-1} + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)} \cdot \frac{1}{1+(\theta x)^2}$$

Stirlings formel

$$n! = \left(\frac{n}{e} \right)^n \cdot \sqrt{2\pi n} \cdot (1 + \epsilon_n), \quad \text{där} \quad \epsilon_n \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{då} \quad n \rightarrow \infty.$$