

4. Find the linearizations of the following systems, at the fixed points indicated, by:

- (a) introducing local coordinates at the fixed point;
- (b) using Taylor's theorem.

- (i) $\dot{x}_1 = x_1 + x_1 x_2^3 / (1 + x_1^2)^2$, $\dot{x}_2 = 2x_1 - 3x_2$, $(0, 0)$;
- (ii) $\dot{x}_1 = x_1^2 + \sin x_2 - 1$, $\dot{x}_2 = \sinh(x_1 - 1)$, $(1, 0)$;
- (iii) $\dot{x}_1 = x_1^2 - e^{x_2}$, $\dot{x}_2 = x_2(1 + x_2)$, $(e^{-1/2}, -1)$.

State the preferred method (if one exists) for each system.

5. Use the linearization theorem to classify, where possible, the fixed points of the systems:

- (a) $\dot{x}_1 = x_2^2 - 3x_1 + 2$, $\dot{x}_2 = x_1^2 - x_2^2$;
- (b) $\dot{x}_1 = x_2$, $\dot{x}_2 = -x_1 + x_1^3$;
- (c) $\dot{x}_1 = \sin(x_1 + x_2)$, $\dot{x}_2 = x_2$;
- (d) $\dot{x}_1 = x_1 - x_2 - e^{x_1}$, $\dot{x}_2 = x_1 - x_2 - 1$;
- (e) $\dot{x}_1 = -x_2 + x_1 + x_1 x_2$, $\dot{x}_2 = x_1 - x_2 - x_2^2$;
- (f) $\dot{x}_1 = x_2$, $\dot{x}_2 = -(1 + x_1^2 + x_1^4)x_2 - x_1$;
- (g) $\dot{x}_1 = -3x_2 + x_1 x_2 - 4$, $\dot{x}_2 = x_2^2 - x_1^2$.

Answers:

- 4. (i) $\dot{y}_1 = y_2$, $\dot{y}_2 = 2y_1 - 3y_2$;
- (ii) $\dot{y}_1 = 2y_1 + y_2$, $\dot{y}_2 = y_1$;
- (iii) $\dot{y}_1 = 2e^{-\frac{1}{2}}y_1 - e^{-1}y_2$, $\dot{y}_2 = -y_2$.
- 5. (a) $(1, -1)$, saddle; $(1, 1)$, stable node; $(2, -2)$, unstable focus; $(2, 2)$, saddle.
- (b) $(\pm 1, 0)$, saddle; $(0, 0)$, centre;
- (c) $(m\pi, 0)$, unstable improper node (m even), saddle (m odd);
- (d) $(0, -1)$, stable focus;
- (e) $(0, 0)$, non-simple; $(2, -2)$, saddle;
- (f) $(0, 0)$, stable focus;
- (g) $(-1, -1)$, stable focus; $(4, 4)$, unstable focus.